

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-108 (Canceled).

109. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing a ~~mixture of a plurality of malto-oligosaccharide species~~ maltodextrin to a dextrose equivalent (DE) of less than about 1, each of said malto-oligosaccharide species having a non zero DE resulting from the presence of a reducing end group on said malto-oligosaccharide species, said plurality of malto-oligosaccharide species differing at least in degree of polymerization (DP) value thus defining a said maltodextrin having a DP profile for said mixture, said plurality of malto-oligosaccharides comprising a maltodextrin, said method comprising the steps of:

providing said malto-oligosaccharide mixture maltodextrin; and

catalytically hydrogenating said mixture maltodextrin under hydrogenation condition suitable to substantially preserve the DP 1-8 profile of said mixture.

110. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 109, said method including a step of hydrogenating said mixture in the presence of a metal hydrogenation catalyst.

111. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 110, said catalyst being a metal catalyst selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, ruthenium; rhodium, and activated nickel.

112. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 111, said catalyst being activated nickel.

113. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 112, said catalytic hydrogenation being performed at a temperature ranging from about 50 degrees C to about 150 degrees C and a pressure ranging up to about 1500 psi.

114. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 113, said catalytic hydrogenation being performed at a temperature ranging from about 100 degrees C to about 130 degrees C and a pressure ranging up to about 1500 psi.

115. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 114, said pressure ranging from about 200 psi to about 1500 psi.

116. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 114, said temperature ranging from about 110 degrees C to about 120 degrees C and said pressure ranging from about 400 psi to about 700 psi.

117. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 116, wherein said pH ranges from about 4.5 to about 6.5.

118. (Currently Amended) Process for the reduction of a ~~malto-oligosaccharide mixture~~
~~maltodextrin~~, the process comprising the step of:

providing a catalytic bed including a hydrogenation catalyst;

providing a ~~malto-oligosaccharide mixture including a plurality of malto-~~
~~oligosaccharide species, each of maltodextrin, said malto-oligosaccharide species~~
~~maltodextrin having a non zero DE, resulting from the presence of a reducing end group~~
~~on said malto-oligosaccharide species, said plurality of malto-oligosaccharide species~~
~~differing in at least in DP value thus defining said maltodextrin having a DP profile for~~
~~said mixture, said mixture of malto-oligosaccharide comprising a maltodextrin; and~~

continuously introducing said ~~malto-oligosaccharide mixture~~ maltodextrin and
hydrogen to said catalytic bed under hydrogenation conditions sufficient to catalytically
hydrogenate said ~~mixture~~ maltodextrin to reduce the DE thereof to less than about 1, said
conditions being suitable to substantially preserve the DP 1-8 profile of said mixture.

119. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 118, said catalyst being a metal
catalyst selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, ruthenium, rhodium,
and activated nickel.

120. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 119, said metal catalyst being
activated nickel.

121. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 120, said catalytic hydrogenation being performed at a temperature ranging from about 100 degrees C to about 130 degrees C and a pressure ranging up to about 1500 psi.

122. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 121, said pressure ranging from about 200 psi to about 1500 psi.

123. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 121, said pressure ranging from about 400 psi to about 700 psi and said temperature ranging from about 110 degrees C to about 120 degrees C.

124. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 118, wherein said malto-oligosaccharide mixture is reduced in said catalytic bed at a pH ranging from 3.5 to about 8.5.

125. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 124, wherein said pH ranges from about 4.5 to about 6.5.

126. (Currently Amended) Method for preparing a reduced malto-oligosaccharide, comprising the steps of:

providing a starch;

hydrolyzing said starch to provide a mixture of a plurality of malto-oligosaccharide species, each of maltodextrin, said malto-oligosaccharide species maltodextrin having a non zero DE, resulting from the presence of a reducing end group on said malto-oligosaccharide species, said plurality of malto-oligosaccharide species differing at least in degree of polymerization (DP) value thus defining said maltodextrin having a DP profile for said mixture, said mixture of malto-oligosaccharides comprising a maltodextrin; and

catalytically hydrogenating said malto-oligosaccharide species maltodextrin under hydrogenation conditions suitable to substantially preserve the DP 1-8 profile of said mixture maltodextrin and to reduce the DE of said mixture to less than about 1.

127. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 126, wherein said malto-oligosaccharide mixture maltodextrin is catalytically hydrogenated at a pH ranging from about 3.5 to about 8.5.

128. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 127 wherein said pH ranges from about 4.5 to about 6.5.